



University
of Glasgow

Forensic Toxicology – Findings in DRDs

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Forensic Medicine and Science

**INSPIRING
PEOPLE**



Forensic Toxicology at the University of Glasgow

- Dept of Forensic Medicine and Science, est. 1839
- Pathologists and Toxicologists
- Toxicology
 - Provides postmortem toxicology service to COPFS to investigate any sudden, suspicious, unexplained or unexpected death in most of Scotland
 - Covers ~85% of population
 - Around 3200 cases per year

What drugs do we find in deaths?

- Alcohol (39%)
- Morphine* (20%)

* Mixture of prescribed morphine, heroin and metabolite of codeine

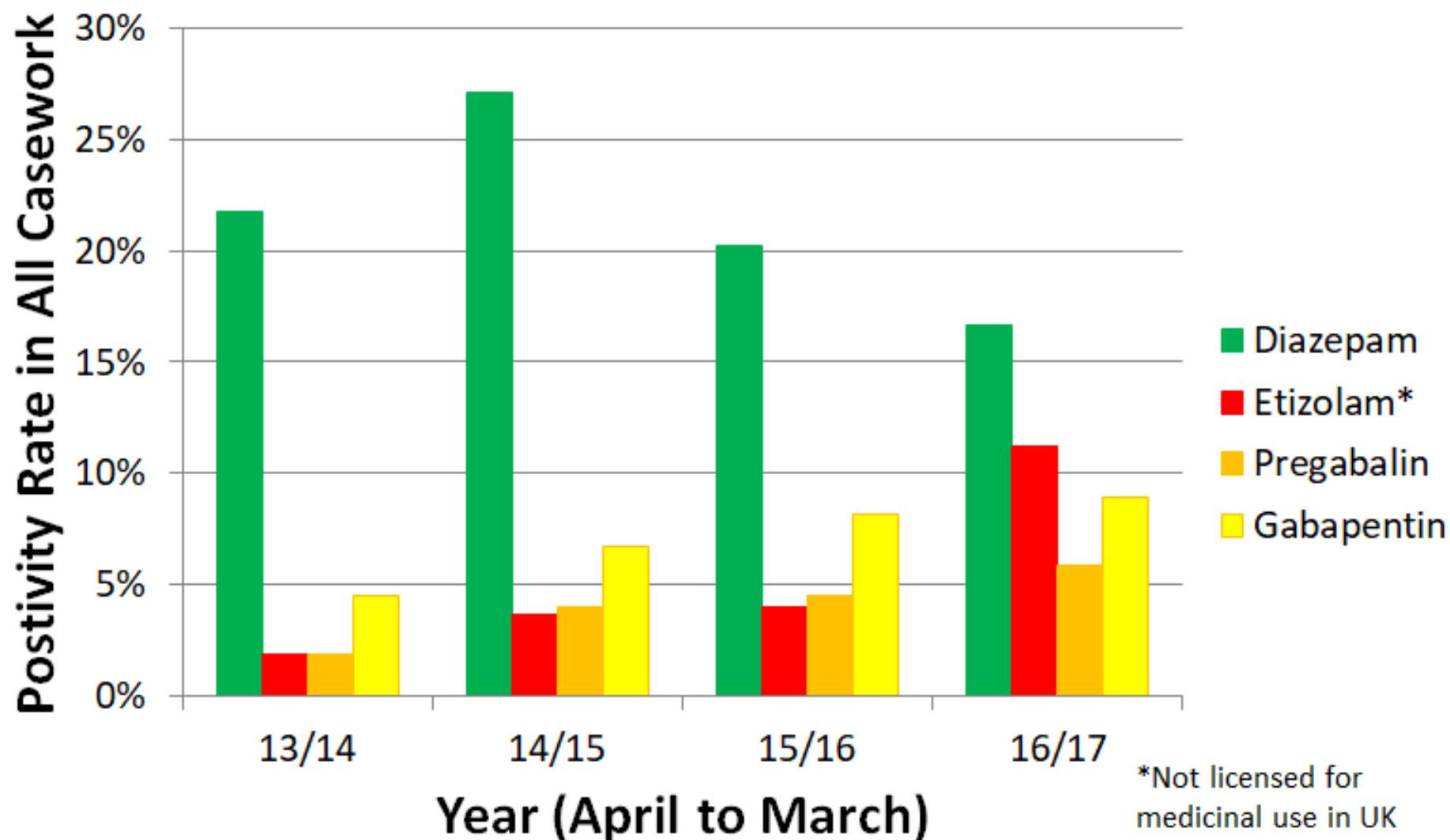
- Diazepam (17%)
- Methadone (14%)
- Codeine** (14%)

** Mixture of codeine and heroin use

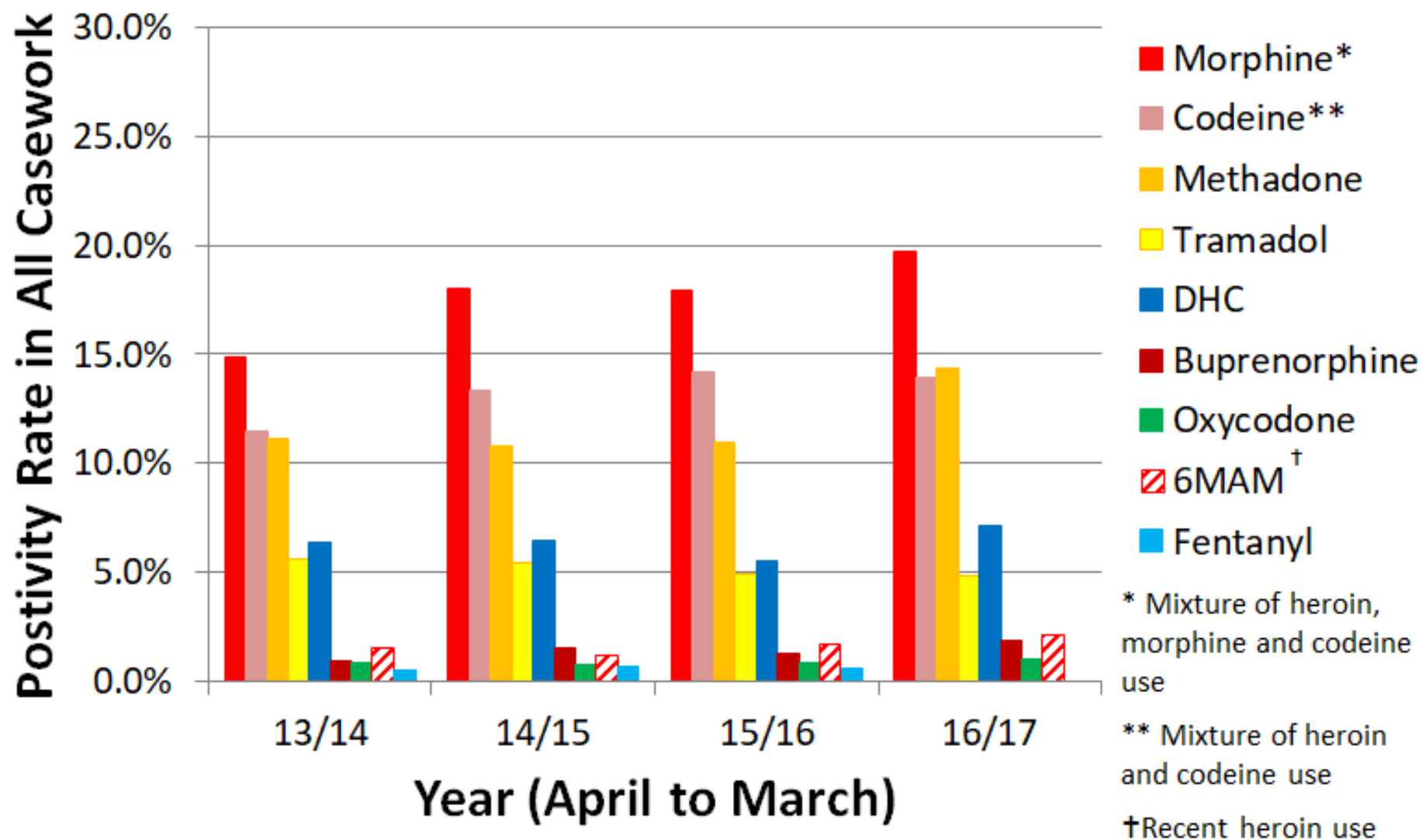
- Paracetamol (12%)
- Mirtazapine (12%)
- Etizolam (11%)
- Gabapentin (9%)



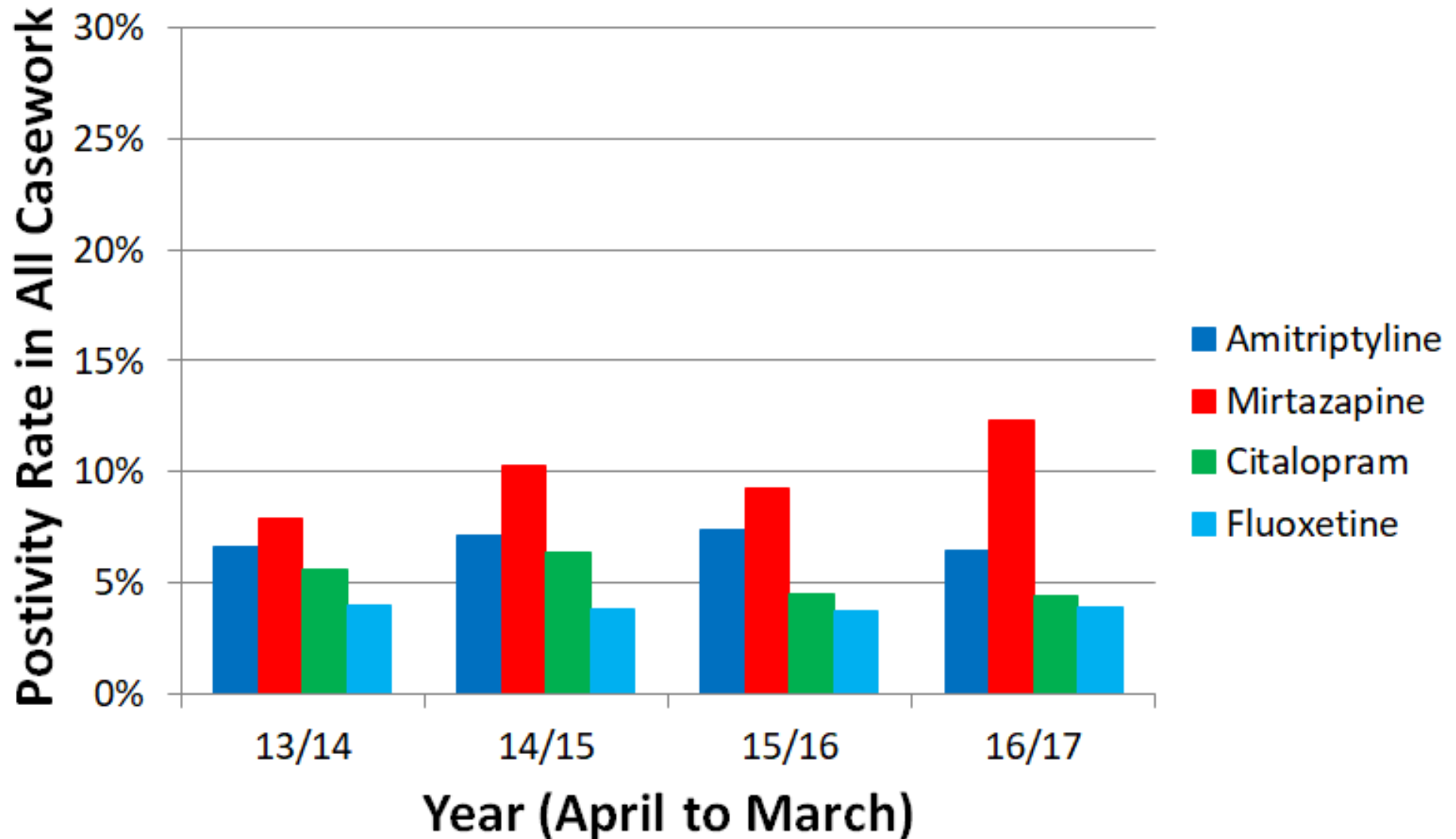
Benzos and Gabapentinoids



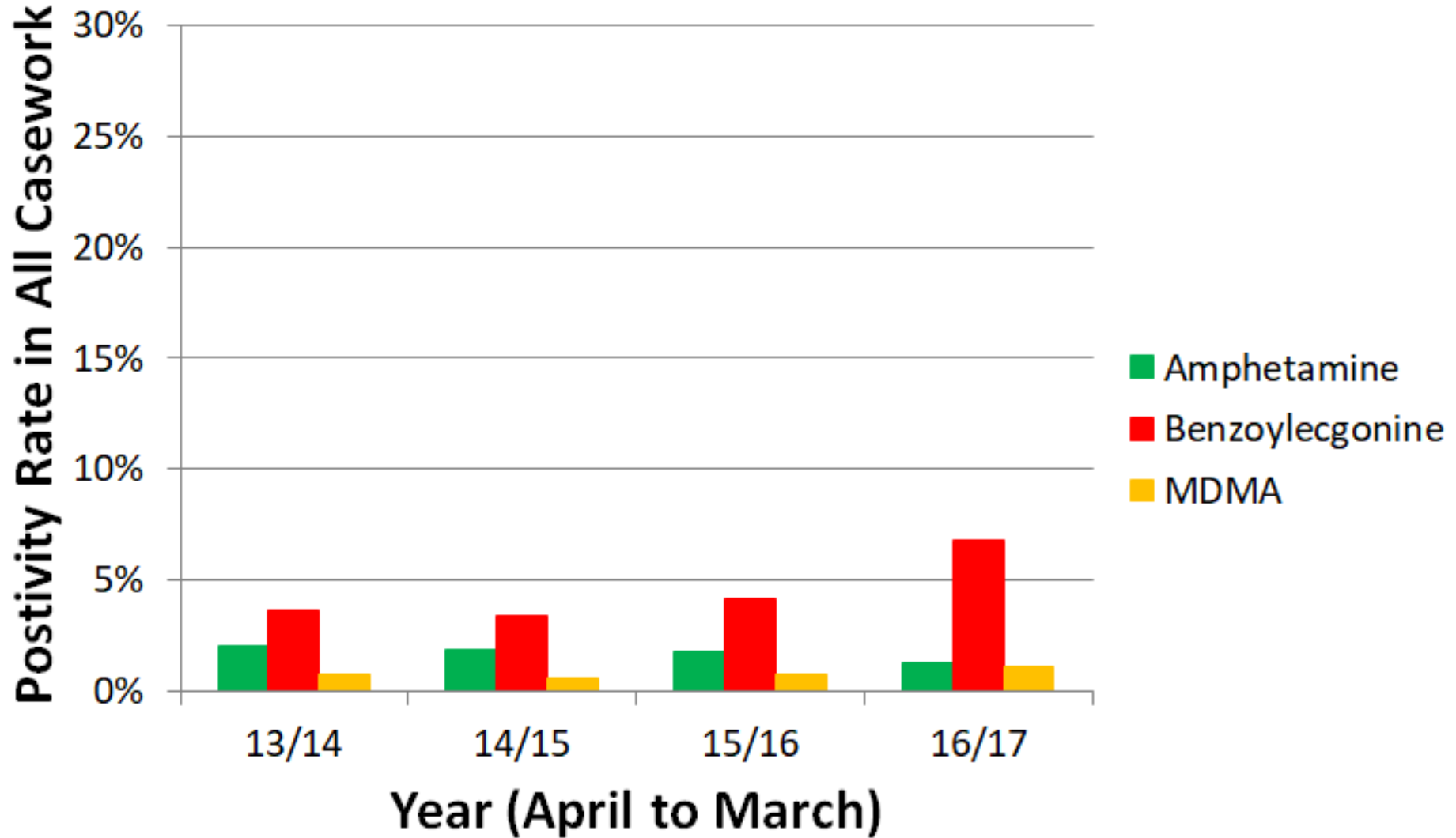
Opioids



Antidepressants

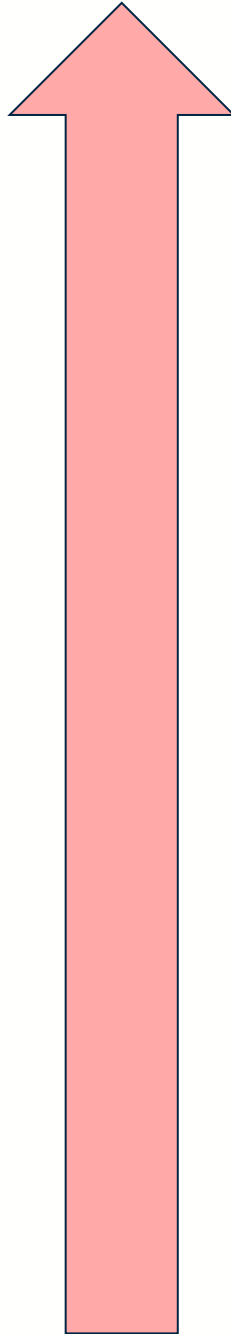


Stimulants



Increasing

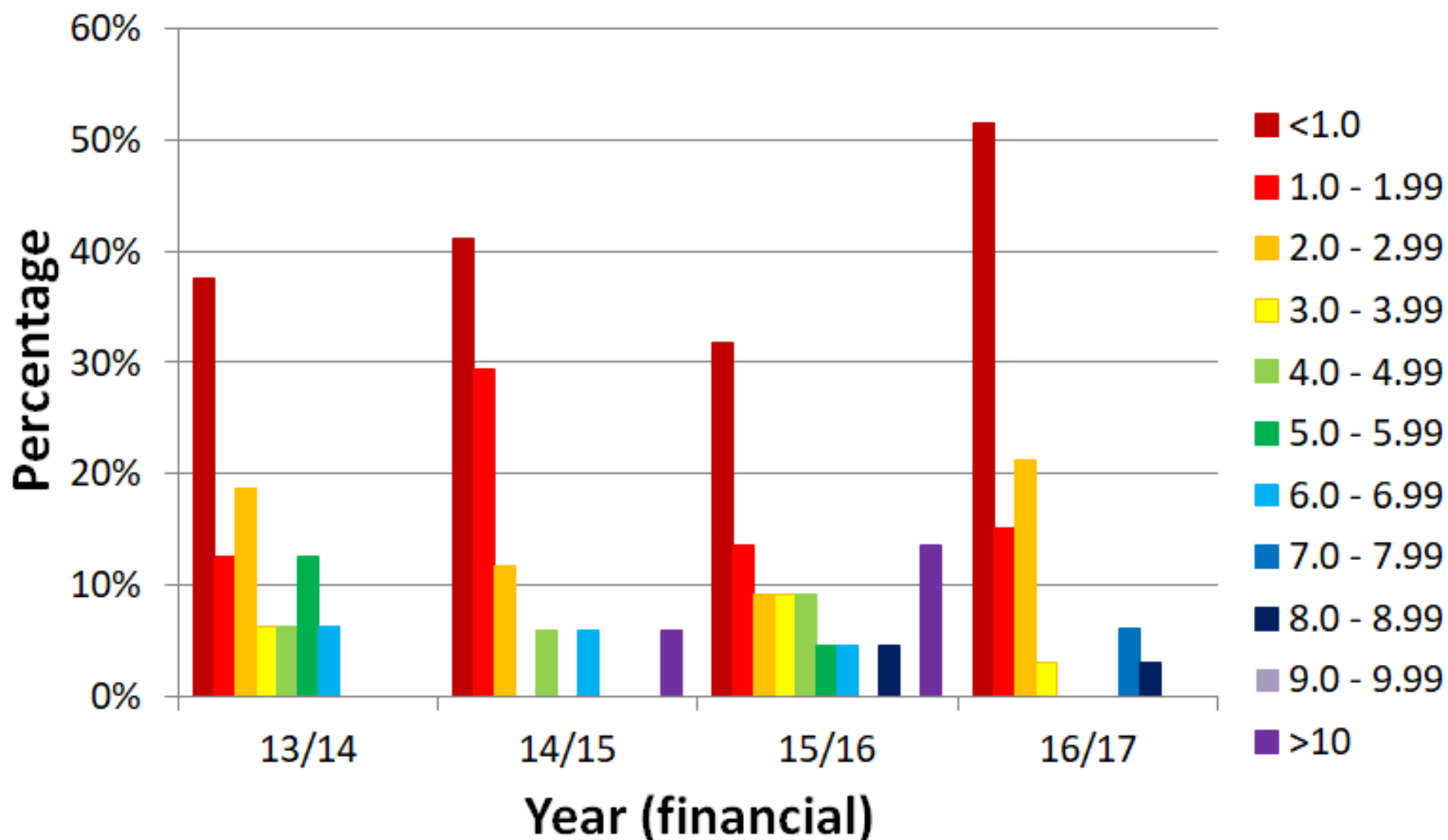
- Benzos and Gabapentinoids
 - Etizolam
 - Pregabalin
 - Gabapentin
- Opioids
 - Morphine
 - Codeine
 - Methadone
 - Buprenorphine
 - Oxycodone
- Antidepressants
 - Mirtazapine
- Stimulants
 - MDMA
 - Cocaine



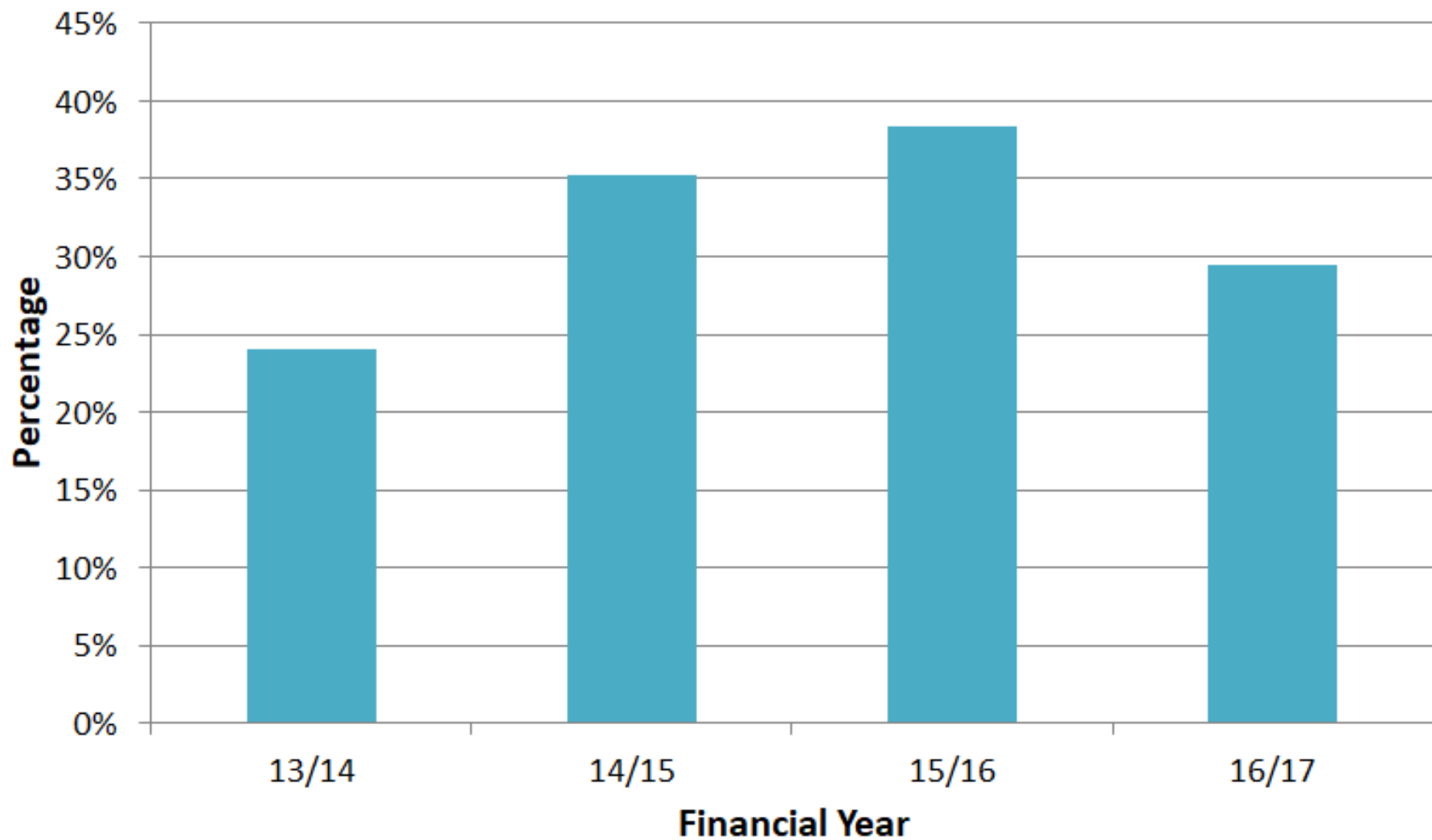
Decreasing or Stable

- Diazepam
- Paracetamol
- Amitriptyline
- Tramadol
- Dihydrocodeine
- Citalopram
- Fluoxetine

MDMA Concentration (mg/L)



% of Cocaine positive cases with Morphine



Gabapentin

Interpretation of post-mortem concentrations

- A single oral dose of 400 mg of gabapentin to healthy individuals gave an average concentration of 3.4 mg/L (range, 2.2 - 6.1 mg/L).
- Healthy male volunteers administered between 300 and 4800 mg single doses gave peak plasma concentrations ranging from 2 – 12 mg/L.
- In three separate cases, individuals survived concentrations of 45 mg/L, 85 mg/L and 105 mg/L after supportive care.
- One study, of 13 fatalities, reported post-mortem gabapentin concentrations between 30 and 82 mg/L, and these were considered elevated. All of these cases listed mixed drug toxicity as the cause of death, potentially including gabapentin.

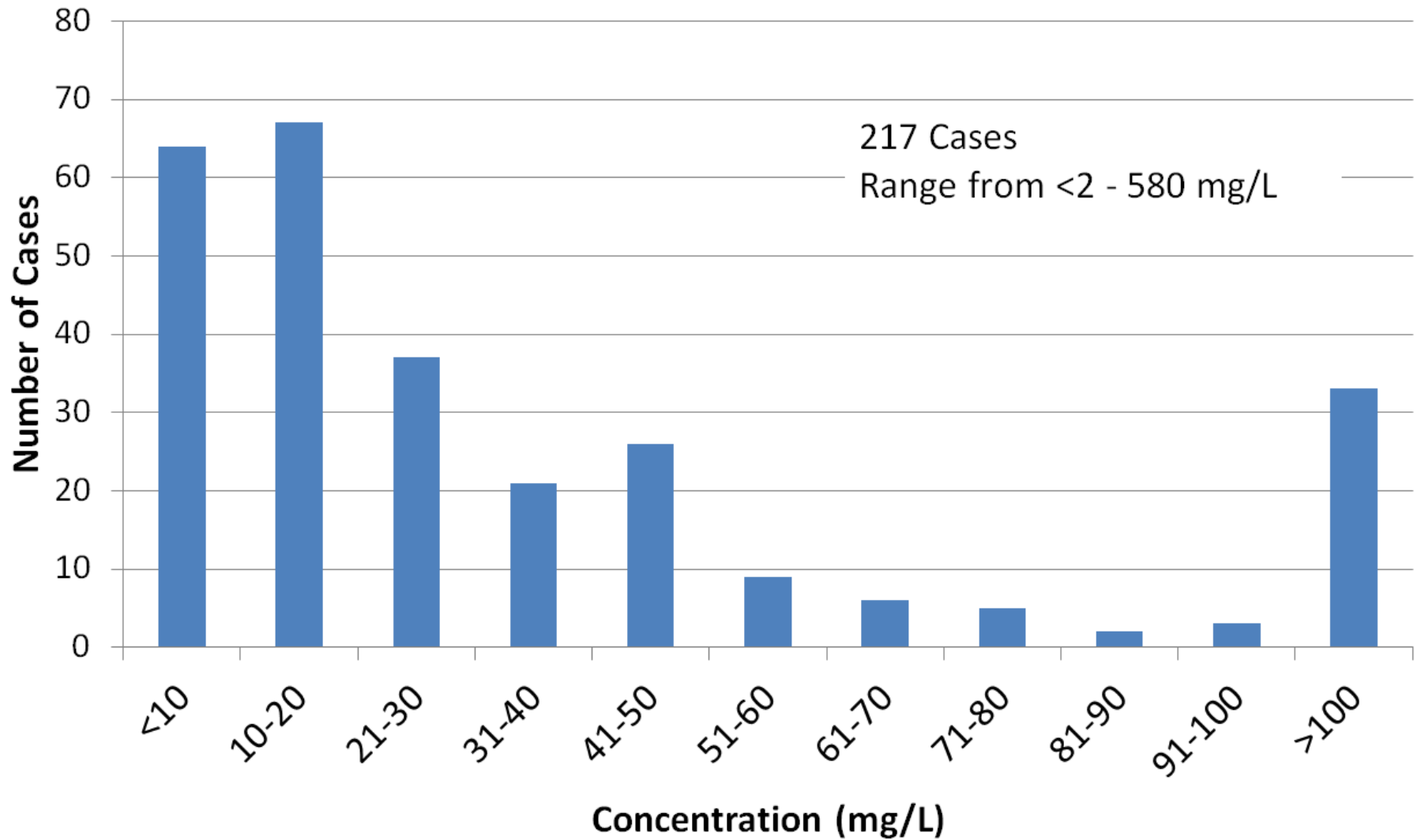
$V_d = 0.8-1.3 \text{ L/Kg} \rightarrow$ less likely for post-mortem redistribution

R. C. Baselt, Disposition of Toxic Drugs and Chemicals in Man, Biomedical Publications, Seal Beach, California, 11th edn (2017).

A.C. Moffat, Clarke's Analysis of Drugs and Poisons, Pharmaceutical Press, London, United Kingdom, (2011).

C. E. Hamm, R. D. Gary and I. M. McIntyre, Gabapentin concentrations and postmortem distribution. Forensic Science International **262** (2016) 201–203.

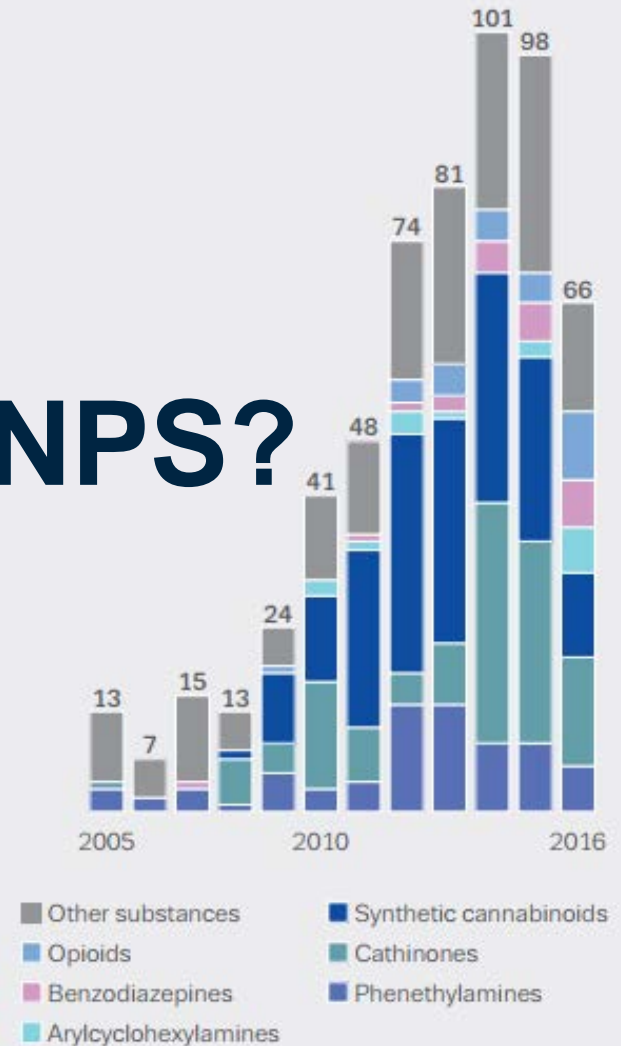
Gabapentin Concentrations in 2016



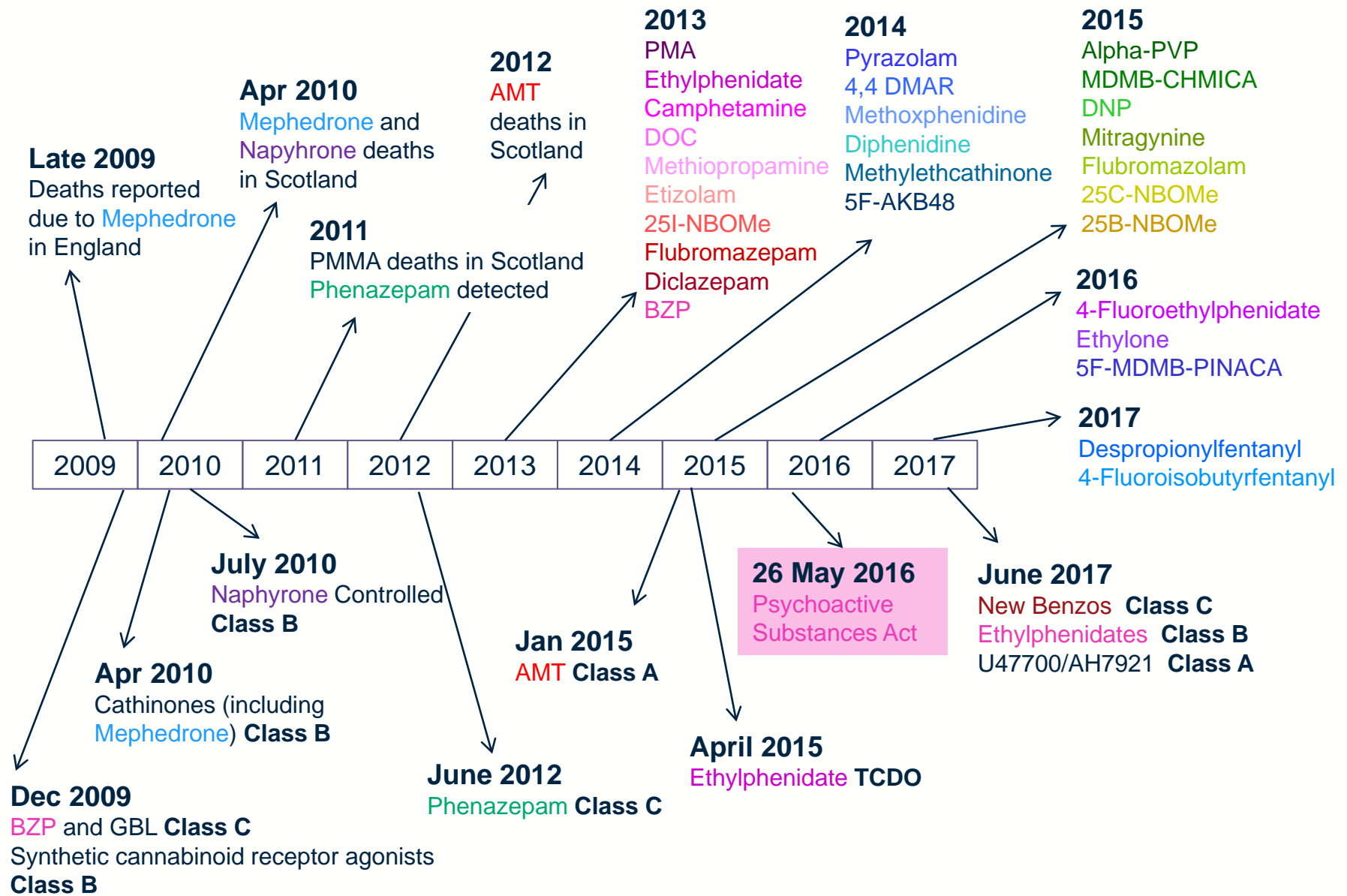


What about NPS?

Number and categories of new psychoactive substances notified to the EU Early Warning System for the first time, 2005–16



History of NPS at FMS



Ethylphenidate Deaths

Initially found something which looked like methylphenidate

Since July 2013 – 26 positive cases (only 4 named in COD)

Mostly confined to East of country

Usually injecting heroin users

Poly drug use (mainly diazepam, heroin, methadone etc.)

No. of cases Vs Time period



New Benzodiazepines in Fatalities



Diclazepam

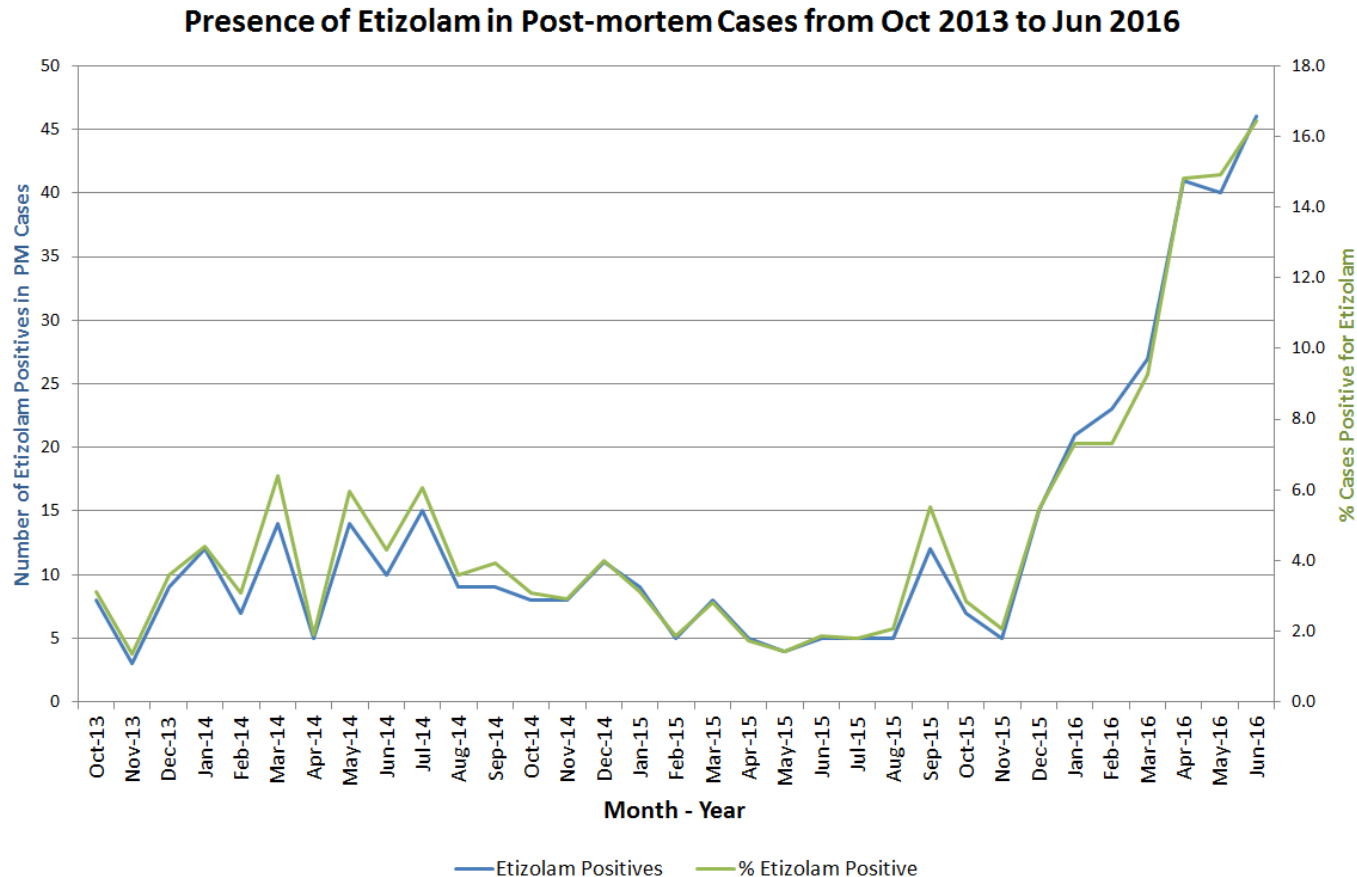
	Date First Case Received	No. Post-Mortem +ve Cases
Phenazepam	Dec-10	~260
Etizolam	Apr-13	~450
Diclazepam	Dec-13	~80
Pyrazolam	Jan-14	3
Flubromazepam	Jul-14	3
Flubromazolam	Feb-16	1

Etizolam

Detected regularly in PM cases since October 2013

Seemed to be tailing off mid 2015

Recent increase in incidence since late 2015

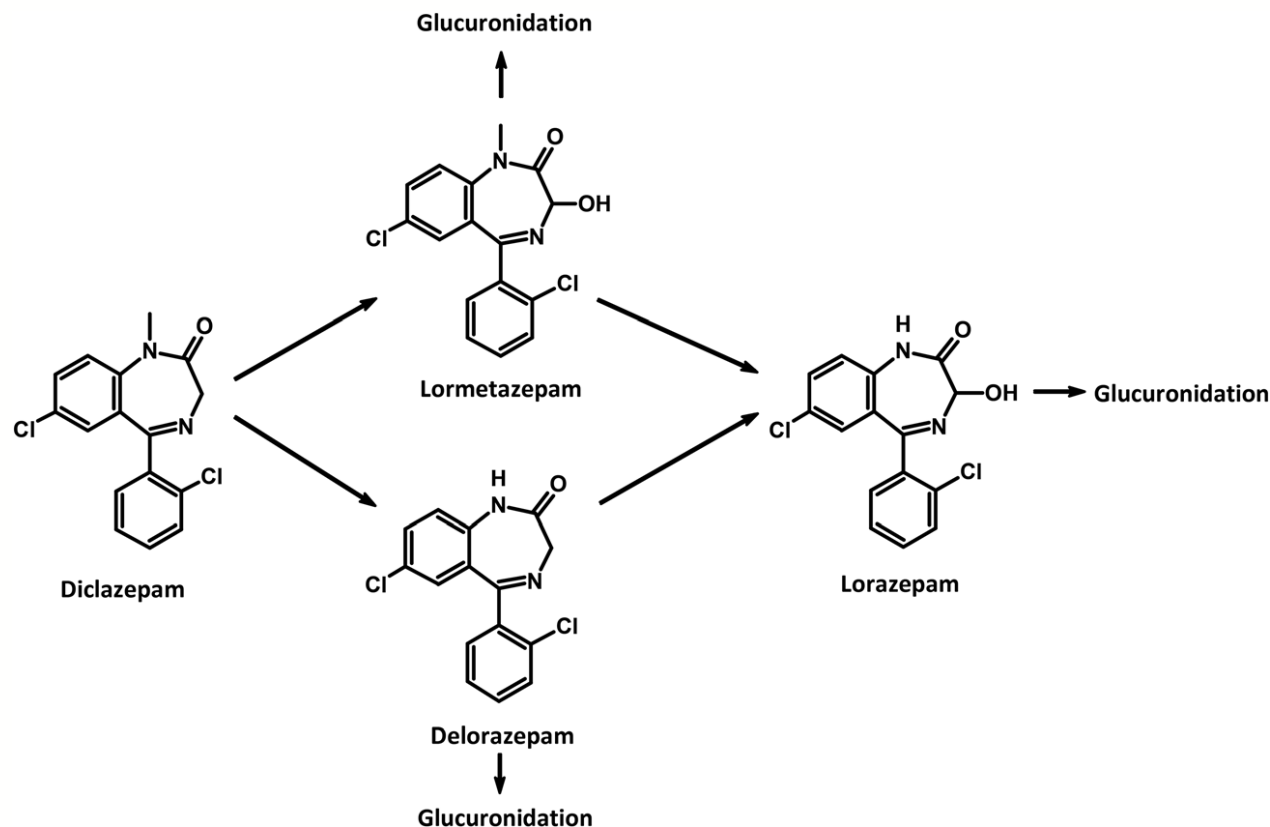


Diclazepam

Noticed several Lorazepam positives (no hospital stay)

Delorazepam (Italy) detected in unknown screen

Usually positive with diazepam



Trends we see

Cocaine

- Increase in Cocaine and Heroin use
- More injecting

Ecstasy

- Increase in MDMA positives in PM data
- High purity tablets
- Smoking/injecting ecstasy crystals

Heroin

- DRDs increasing
- Poly-drug use increasing



Thank you



"You're fired, Jack. The lab results just came back, and you tested positive for Coke."

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